

Amendments to the Claims:

Please cancel claims 8, 16, 26, and 38, without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please amend claims 1, 7, 9, 15, 20, 25, 28, 31, and 32, as indicated in the Listing of Claims.

Listing of Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended): A method of detecting a specific nucleic acid in a sample comprising:

(a) contacting the nucleic acid with a first oligonucleotide linked to a selector tag and a second oligonucleotide linked to a peptoid detector tag, in a reaction mixture under conditions that allow the first and second oligonucleotides to specifically hybridize with the nucleic acid such that the first oligonucleotide is located immediately adjacent to the second oligonucleotide, thereby forming adjacently hybridized first and second oligonucleotides;

(b) ligating the adjacently hybridized first and second oligonucleotides to form a ligated oligonucleotide;

(c) de-linking the detector tag from the ligated oligonucleotide; and

(d) identifying the de-linked detector tag, thereby detecting a specific nucleic acid in a sample.

2. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the de-linked detector tag further comprises separating, using the selector tag, the ligated oligonucleotide from the reaction mixture.

3. (Original): The method of claim 2, wherein using the selector tag comprises contacting the selector tag with an agent that specifically binds to the selector tag.
4. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 2, wherein de-linking the detector tag is performed by subjecting the ligated oligonucleotide to a de-linking agent selected from the group consisting of an acid condition, an alkaline condition, a visible light radiation, a UV radiation, heat, a reducing condition and an oxidizing condition.
5. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 1, wherein identifying the de-linked detector tag comprises using mass spectrometry.
6. (Original): The method of claim 5, further comprising using chromatography.
7. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 1, wherein the selector tag is ~~selected from a fluorescent moiety, an antibody and biotin.~~
8. (Canceled)
9. (Currently Amended): A method of detecting a plurality of specific nucleic acids in a sample comprising:
 - (a) contacting each specific nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide pair in a reaction mixture under conditions that allow the oligonucleotide pair to specifically hybridize to the nucleic acid such that the oligonucleotide pair members are located immediately adjacent to each other thereby forming an adjacently hybridized oligonucleotides pair, wherein each oligonucleotide pair comprises a first oligonucleotide linked to a selector tag and a second oligonucleotide linked to a peptoid detector tag;
 - (b) ligating each adjacently hybridized oligonucleotide pair to form one or more ligated oligonucleotides;
 - (c) de-linking the detector tag from the one or more ligated oligonucleotides; and

- (d) identifying one or more de-linked detector tags.
10. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 9, wherein identifying the linked detector tags further comprises separating, using the selector tag, the ligated oligonucleotide from the reaction mixture.
11. (Original): The method of claim 10 wherein using the selector tag comprises contacting the selector tag with an agent that specifically binds to the selector tag.
12. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 10 wherein de-linking the detector tags is performed by subjecting the ligated oligonucleotide to a de-linking agent selected from the group consisting of an acid condition, an alkaline condition, a visible light radiation, a UV radiation, heat, a reducing condition and an oxidizing condition.
13. (Previously Presented): The method of claim 9, wherein identifying the linked detector tag comprises using mass spectrometry.
14. (Original): The method of claim 13 further comprising using chromatography.
15. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 9, wherein the selector tag is ~~selected from~~ a fluorescent moiety, ~~an antibody and biotin~~.
16. (Canceled)
17. (Original): The method of claim 9, wherein each first oligonucleotide linked to selector tag has an identical selector tag.
18. (Original): The method of claim 9, wherein each first oligonucleotide linked to selector tag has a different tag.
19. (Original): The method of claim 9, wherein each second oligonucleotide linked to detector tag has a different tag.
20. (Currently Amended): A method of detecting a nucleic acid in a sample comprising:

(a) amplifying the nucleic acid with a primer pair to form a dual-tagged amplification product in a reaction mixture, wherein the primer pair is a first oligonucleotide linked to a selector tag and a second oligonucleotide linked to a peptoid detector tag;

(b) de-linking the detector tag from the ligated oligonucleotide; and

(c) identifying the de-linked detector tag, thereby detecting the nucleic acid in a sample.

21. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 20, wherein identifying the detector tag further comprises separating, using the selector tag, the amplification product from the reaction mixture prior to identifying the detector tag associated with the amplification product.

22. (Original): The method of claim 21, wherein using the selector tag comprises contacting the selector tag with an agent that specifically binds to the selector tag.

23. (Withdrawn): The method of claim 20, further comprising removing the detector tag from the amplification product prior to step (b).

24. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 20, wherein de-linking the detector tag is performed by subjecting the ligated oligonucleotide to a de-linking agent selected from the group consisting of an acid condition, an alkaline condition, a visible light radiation, a UV radiation, heat, a reducing condition and an oxidizing condition.

25. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 20, wherein the selector tag is ~~selected from~~ a fluorescent moiety, ~~an antibody and biotin~~.

26. (Canceled):

27. (Original): The method of claim 20, wherein identifying the detector tag comprises using mass spectrometry.

28. (Currently Amended): A method of detecting a nucleic acid in a sample comprising:

(a) contacting the nucleic acid with an oligonucleotide linked to a peptoid detector tag under conditions that allow the oligonucleotide to specifically hybridize to the nucleic acid to form a mixture of hybridized oligonucleotide and unhybridized oligonucleotide;

(b) separating the hybridized oligonucleotide from the unhybridized oligonucleotide; and

(c) de-linking the detector tag from the hybridized oligonucleotide; and

(d) identifying the de-linked detector tag, thereby detecting the nucleic acid.

29. (Original): The method of claim 28, wherein separating comprises contacting the mixture with an agent that binds to a polyA tail.

30. (Original): The method of claim 28, wherein separating comprises contacting the mixture with an agent that binds to a 5'-capped nucleic acid.

31. (Currently Amended): A method of generating a double-tagged oligonucleotide duplex comprising:

(a) contacting a single-stranded nucleic acid with a first oligonucleotide linked to a selector tag and a second oligonucleotide removably linked to a peptoid detector tag, under conditions that allow the first and second oligonucleotide to specifically hybridize to the nucleic acid such that the first oligonucleotide is located immediately adjacent to the second oligonucleotide thereby forming an adjacently hybridized oligonucleotide;

(b) ligating the first and second oligonucleotides thereby forming a duplex having detector and selector tags.

32. (Currently Amended): The method of claim 31, wherein the selector tag and the detector tag are ~~selected from a fluorescent moiety, an antibody, biotin, and a peptoid, and~~ wherein the selector tag and detector tag are different.

33. (Withdrawn): A kit comprising:

- (a) an oligonucleotide primer pair comprising
 - (i) a first selector oligonucleotide linked to a selector tag;
 - (ii) a second selector oligonucleotide linked to a detector tag; and
- (b) an agent that binds to the selector tag.

34. (Withdrawn): A kit comprising

- (a) a first selector oligonucleotide linked to a selector tag;
- (b) a second selector oligonucleotide linked to a detector tag; and
- (c) a DNA ligase.

35. (Withdrawn): A library of detector oligonucleotides, comprising a plurality of oligonucleotide linked to detector tag, wherein each oligonucleotide specifically hybridizes with a nucleic acid sequence.

36. (Withdrawn): The library of claim 35, wherein the detector tag is removable.

37. (Withdrawn): The library of claim 35, wherein the detector tag is a peptoid.

38. (Cancel)

39. (New): The method of claim 1, wherein the method further comprises identifying an isotopic internal standard along with the de-linked detector tag.

40. (New): The method of claim 39, wherein the method further comprises quantitating the relative amount of the de-linked detector tag relative to the isotopic internal standard.

41. (New): The method of claim 19, wherein the method further comprises identifying a corresponding isotopic internal standard for each de-linked detector tag.

42. (New): The method of claim 41, wherein the method further comprises quantitating the relative amount of each type of de-linked detector tag relative to its corresponding isotopic internal standard.